## **CLAIMS**

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What is claimed is:

- A superabrasive tool precursor consisting essentially of: at least one superabrasive particle coated with a solidified molten braze alloy.
- 2. The tool precursor of claim 1, wherein the at least one coated superabrasive particle is a plurality of coated particles metallurgically bonded together by the braze alloy coatings.
- The tool precursor of claim 2, wherein the bonded plurality of coated particles forms a one dimensional structure.
  - 4. The tool precursor of claim 2, wherein the bonded plurality of coated particles forms a two dimensional structure.
  - 5. The tool precursor of claim 2, wherein the bonded plurality of coated particles forms a three dimensional structure.
- 6. The tool precursor of claim 2, wherein the bonded plurality of coated particles are each arranged and held in accordance with a predetermined pattern.
  - A superabrasive tool comprising:

     a support matrix; and
     a tool precursor as recited in any one of claims 1-6 metallurgically bonded to
  - 8. The superabrasive tool of claim 7, wherein the support matrix comprises a consolidated metal powder.
- 30 9. The superabrasive tool of claim 8, wherein the support matrix is porous.
  - 10. The superabrasive tool of claim 7, wherein the support matrix comprises a solid metal substrate.
- 35 11. The superabrasive tool of claim 7, further comprising a plurality of tool

precursors metallurgically bonded to the support matrix.

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- 12. The superabrasive tool of claim 11, wherein the plurality of tool precursors are arranged such that the superabrasive particles substantially conform to a predetermined pattern.
- 13. The superabrasive tool of claim 7, wherein the support matrix and tool precursor form a layer.
- 10 14. The superabrasive tool of claim 13, further comprising a plurality of layers metallurgically bonded together.
  - 15. The superabrasive tool of claim 14, wherein the substrate of each layer comprises a solid metal, and each tool precursor is porous.
  - 16. The superabrasive tool of claim 15, wherein the superabrasive particles of each tool precursor are arranged in accordance with a predetermined pattern.
- 17. The superabrasive tool of claim 16, wherein the pores in each tool precursor occur in accordance with a predetermined pattern.
  - 18. The superabrasive tool of claim 15, wherein the tool is a saw segment.
  - 19. The superabrasive tool of claim 16, wherein the saw is a reciprocating saw.
  - 20. The superabrasive tool of claim 16, wherein the saw is a circular saw.
- A superabrasive tool comprising:

   a plurality of superabrasive particles coated with a solidified molten braze

   alloy and metallurgically bonded together by the braze coatings; and

   a plurality of spacer particles chemically bonded to the molten braze alloy.
  - 22. The tool of claim 21, wherein the braze alloy is porous.
- 35 23. The tool of claim 21, wherein the superabrasive particles are arranged in

accordance with a predetermined pattern.

- 24. The tool of claim 21, wherein the spacer particles are arranged in accordance with a predetermined pattern.
- 25. The tool of claim 22, wherein the pores occur in accordance with a predetermined pattern.
- 26. The tool of claim 21, wherein the spacer particles include particles of SiC.
- 27. A method of making a tool precursor consisting essentially of:
  metallurgically bonding together a plurality of superabrasive particles, each
  coated with a solidified molten braze alloy.
- 15 28. The method of claim 27, wherein each particle is coated with a solidified molten braze alloy prior to metallurgically bonding the particles together.
  - 29. The method of claim 27, wherein each particle is coated with a solidified molten braze alloy simultaneously with metallurgically bonding the particles together.
  - 30. The method of claim 27, wherein the particles are arranged in accordance with a predetermined pattern.
- A method of making a superabrasive tool comprising:
   providing a tool precursor as recited in any one of claims 27-31; and metallurgically bonding the precursor to a support matrix.
  - 32. The method of claim 31, further comprising providing a plurality of tool precursors prior to metallurgically bonding to a support matrix.
  - 33. The method of claim 32, further comprising arranging the tool precursors such that the superabrasive particles are disposed substantially in accordance with a predetermined pattern, prior to metallurgically bonding the precursors to the support matrix.

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- 34. The method of claim 31, wherein the support matrix and tool precursor form a layer.
- 35. The method of claim 34, further comprising metallurgically bonding a plurality of layers together.

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